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Navigating Transitions Part I:

Understanding a Person-Centered Approach to the Dementia Journey

Introduction to palliative care, hospice, living-dying arc

Anne Kenny, MD Palliative & Clinical Care Consultant

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Anne Kenny, MD



- Physician
- Caregiver
- Author
- Advocate

"Death isn't just about health and medicine, but the merging of spirit, mind and body – we need to take **back** the complexity of choosing how to live and choosing how to die." p 20

Making Tough Decisions about End-of-Life Care in Dementia ANNE KENNY, MD

A Guided Journal for Those Living with Legacy, Love and Wishes for the End of a Life Well-lived

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By Anne Kenny, M.D. and Teresa Webb, R.N.

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Transition

Getting a diagnosis, building knowledge and support

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Common scenario when given diagnosis of dementia – need for support

- "There is nothing they can do, take a pill and come back to see the medical community in 6 months to a year"
- "Put your affairs in order"

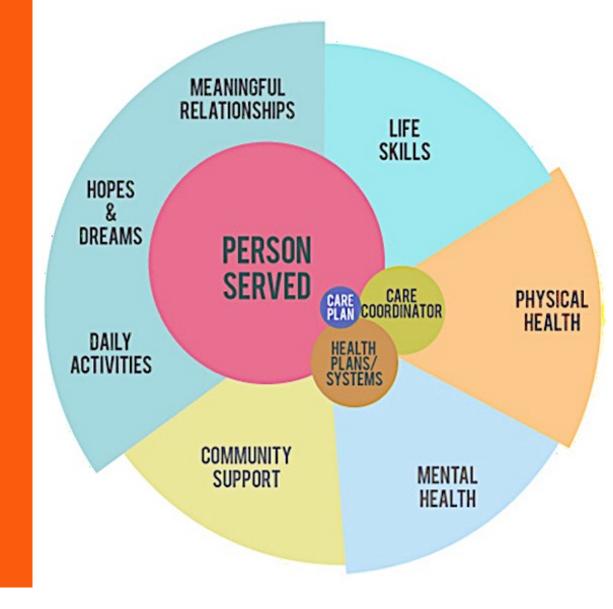
But.....

• Those who were given support (and hope) experienced markedly decreased distress (from 30% to 5%), while those who were left without support experienced psychological distress that increased from 30 to 45%

(Mazurek Clinical Interventions in Aging 2019).



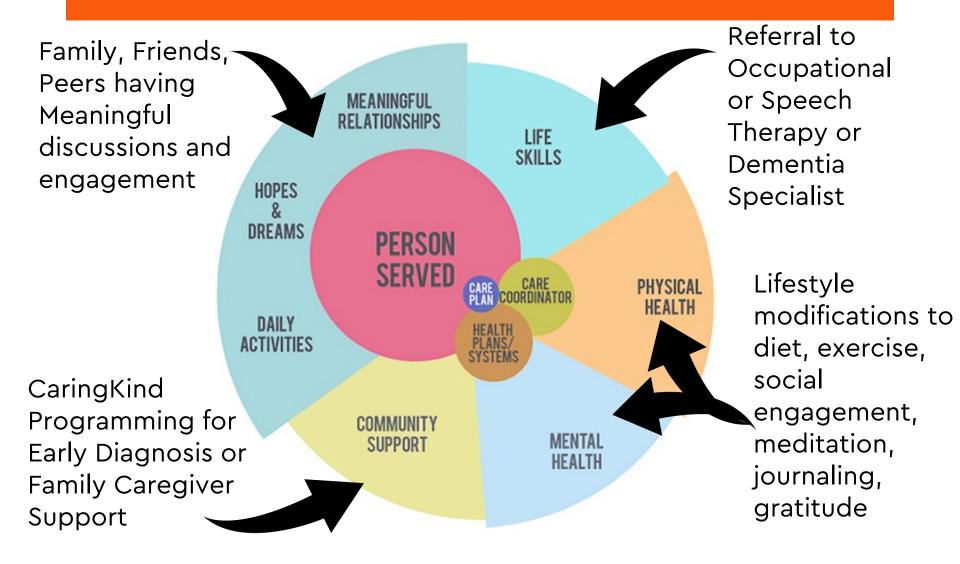
How to provide that support with person-centered care?



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Examples of Interventions



Need for Information - Understanding the Disease Trajectory



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Building Knowledge – Understanding the Basics



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gt2So9RLzZc

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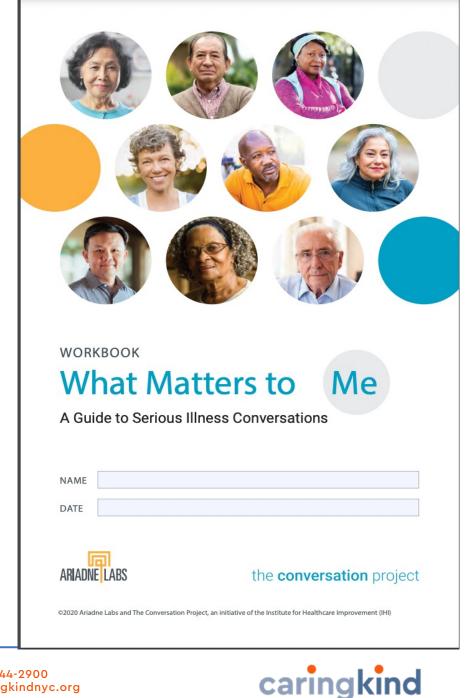
Contemplating goals, communicating goals, exploring choices for later transitions

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Need for Communication and Planning - Preparing for the Discussion

theconversationproject.org/



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Building Support – Consider Early Palliative Care Approach



1:Kavalieratos, D, J Corbelli, and D Zhang. JAMA 2016 2: Boehler, A. NICHM Foundation Webinar: May 19, 2017

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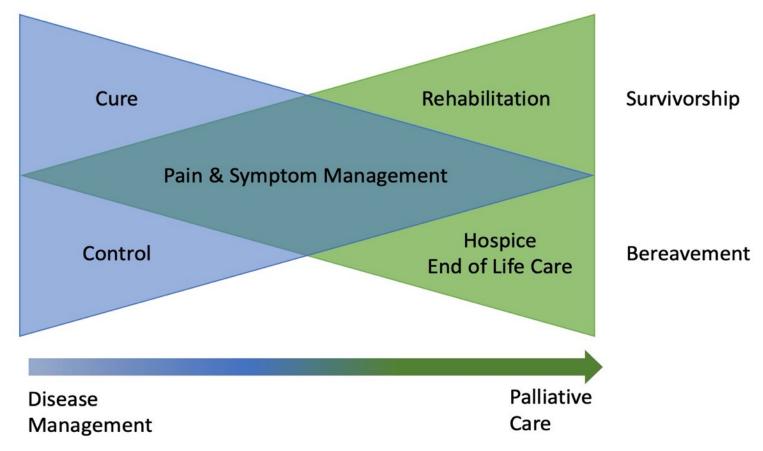
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"Palliative care is an approach that improves the quality of life of patients and their families facing the problems associated with life-threatening illness, through the *prevention and relief of suffering* by means of early identification and impeccable assessment and treatment of pain and other problems, physical, psychosocial and spiritual."

World Health Organization (WHO) definition



What is palliative care?

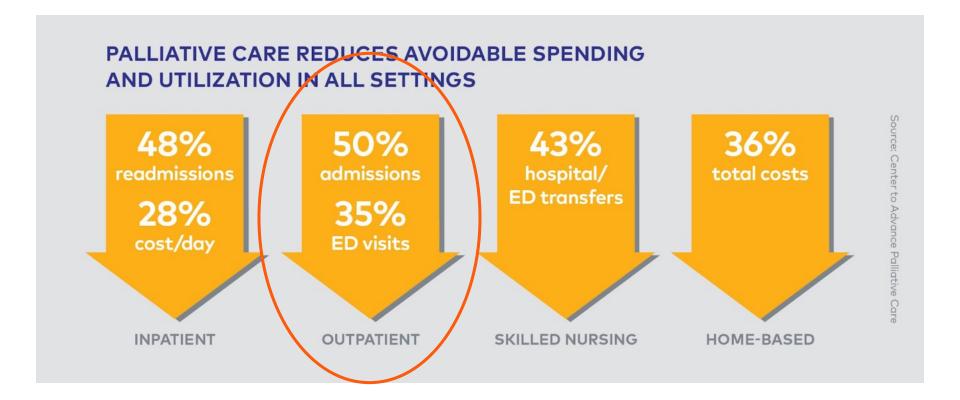


Hawley, P,H. (2014). The Bow Tie Model of 21st Century Palliative Care. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management.

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Palliative Care - How Does It Help?



https://www.capc.org/the-case-for-palliative-care/



But really?

How does palliative care help from a personcentered approach? Advance Care Planning: patient and family treatment goals are clearly documented - all the goals, not just medical checkboxes

The primary non-medical needs expressed most frequently include:

- need to express emotional pain
- a need to explore spiritual pain
- a need for practical financial and legal help

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Domains of Palliative Care



Structure and Processes of Care	Physical Aspects of Care	Psychological Aspects of Care	Social Aspects of Care Spiritual counselors
Spiritual Aspects of Care	Cultural Aspects of Care	Care of Imminently Dying	Ethical & Legal Aspects of Care

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Members of the Multidisciplinary Team



A few examples:

	Medical	Medication that are likely causing harm rather than helping
5	Psychological	Facilitating discussions among family – discovering behaviors that mask fear of loss or control
	Spiritual/Existential	Examining meaning and making sure important aspects of love and legacy are addressed
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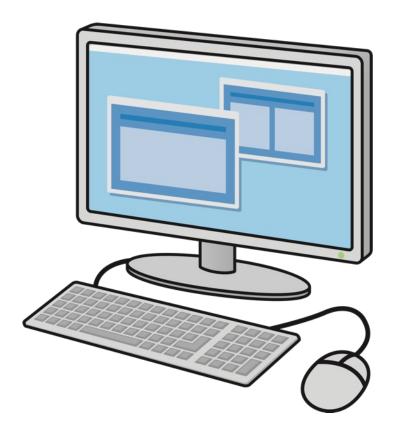


Functional/Adaptive

Focus on solutions – no matter how odd the solution may be

Palliative Care - getpalliativecare.org

- For any time in the disease trajectory
- For the entire family
- For the whole person
- Offered in any site home, outpatient, skilled nursing, hospital
- Can still be receiving curative care
- How do I find palliative care????



https://getpalliativecare.org/provider-directory/

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Comparing Palliative Care v Hospice Care

Palliative Care	Hospice	
Physical and psychosocial relief	Physical and psychosocial relief	
Focus on quality of life	Focus on quality of life	
Multidisciplinary Team Approach	Multidisciplinary Team Approach	
Any stage of disease	Prognosis 6 months or less	
May be concurrent with curative treatment	Excludes curative treatment	

https://www.nhpco.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/PalliativeCare_VS_Hospice.pdf





How does hospice differ compared to palliative care?

Hospice is a Medicare benefit

Philosophy is same

Forgo curative care

Not a commitment - can change your mind at any time

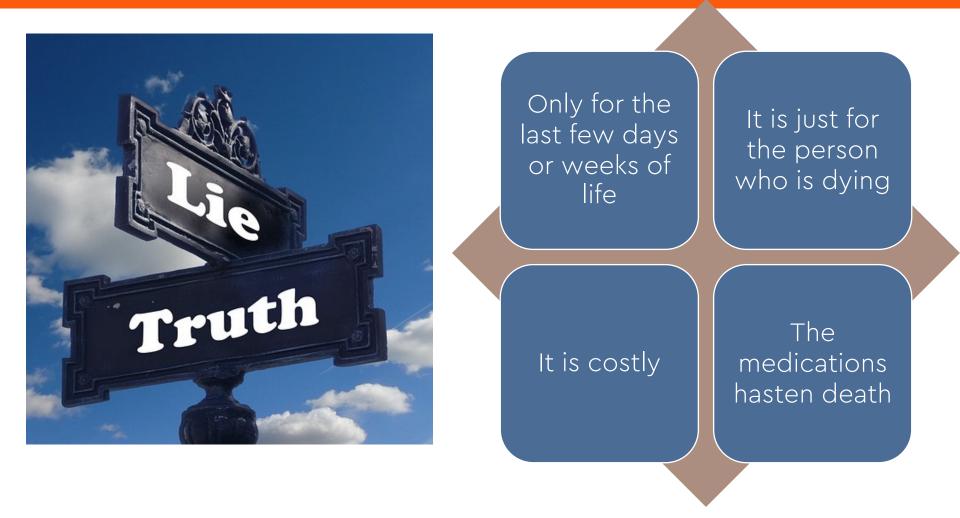
Benefits to invoking hospice

- Covers end-of-life medications
- Provides for durable medical equipment such as hospital bed, wheelchair, commode (and will take them away when no longer needed)
- Full multidisciplinary team

1-year post-death bereavement support for family

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Myths about hospice care



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Facing the changes that accompany late dementia... so that plans can be made sooner

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Recognizing Signs of Transitions to Late-Stage Disease

Symptoms and Indicators	 Severe cognitive decline Physical immobility Frailty 	
Medical Signs	 Frequent infections Difficulty walking Difficulty swallowing 	
Emotional Signs	Withdrawal or difficulty with alertnessDecreased engagement	

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Functional Assessment Staging (FAST) FAST SCALE – Normal to Moderate



- **Stage 1**: No difficulty, either subjectively or objectively
- **Stage 2**: Complains of forgetting location of objects; subjective work difficulties
- **Stage 3**: Decrease job functioning evident to coworkers; difficulty in traveling to new locations
- **Stage 4**: Decreased ability to perform complex tasks (e.g., planning dinner for guests, handling finances)
- Stage 5: Requires²assistance in choosing proper clothing





FAST SCALE 6 – Moderate Dementia



- A. Improperly putting on clothes without assistance or cueing
- B. Unable to bathe properly (not able to choose proper water temp)
- C. Inability to handle mechanics of toileting (e.g., forget to flush the toilet, does not wipe properly or properly dispose of toilet tissue)
- D. Urinary incontinence
- E. Fecal incontinence



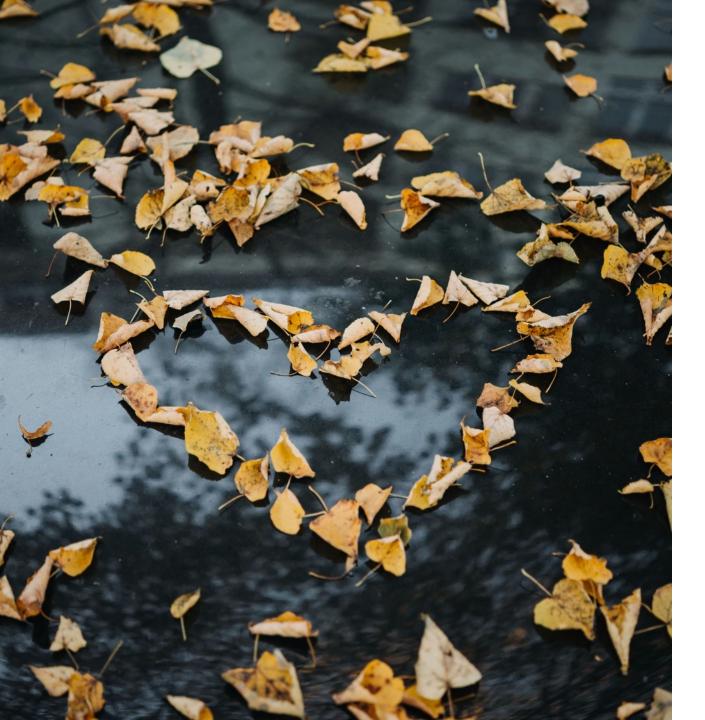


FAST SCALE (7) for Severe Dementia

- A. Ability to speak limited to approximately ≤ 6 intelligible different words in the course of an average day or in the course of an intensive interview
- B. Speech ability is limited to the use of a single intelligible word in an average day or in the course of an intensive interview
- C. Ambulatory ability is lost (cannot walk without personal assistance)
- D. Cannot sit up without assistance (e.g., the individual will fall over if there are no lateral rests [arms] on the chair.)
- E. Loss of ability to smile
- F. Loss of ability to hold head up







Caregiving often calls us to lean into love we didn't know possible.

> **Tia Walker**, <u>The Inspired</u> <u>Caregiver: Finding Joy</u> <u>While Caring for Those</u> <u>You Love</u>

Preparing for the Transition



Living with dementia may become dying from dementia

When this happens... remember that a shift to supportive care will often ease the care and the dying process

Understanding and being informed about changes is important

Then you can plan for for changes

You will likely have more understanding and be ahead of many healthcare people

> Therefore, you will be advocating for yourself or your family member



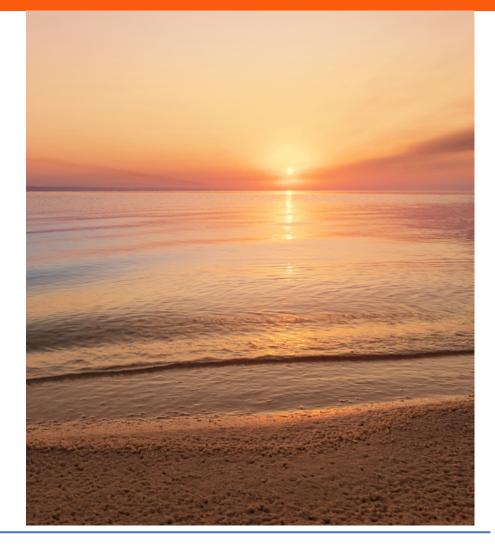
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Preparing for the Transition

Know what to expect with palliative care and hospice care

> Then when the need arises, you won't be surprised or resistant

You are amazing in your compassionate care and thoughtful decision-making in dementia.





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Saturday, October 19, 2024 • 10 am

Join Us at New York City's Longest-Standing Alzheimer's Awareness Walk and **Brain Health Day** in Central Park!

Central Park Naumburg Bandshell

REGISTER VOLUNTEER CKWALK.ORG

For over 45 years CaringKind has been your Trusted Partner in Alzheimer's and related dementia care. Our mission is to be a compassionate ally for everyone, ensuring no one faces this journey alone.

For more information, contact Samantha Vaccaro at walk@cknyc.org or 646-744-2979

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Navigating Transitions Part II:

Understanding a Person-Centered Approach to the Dementia Journey

Planning care choices and actions

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Transition

Willingness to consider the end, learning about the late stage but with hope for it improving the current living

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Fear.... But don't discuss



Thoughts of dependence and fear physical/ cognitive decline



Expect primary care physician to initiate discussion



75% of hospitalized patients thought about desired care 90% discussed with family, only 30% with physician.



92% of people over 50 discussed EOL with family, only 18% with doctor



Positive aspects of death?

Possibilities for deeper meaning and inspiration to life	Death literally gives us life	Death enables evolution	Sensitivity reveals appreciation – how fragile life is
Reminder of the common human condition	Healthy adjustment - may influence adaption to other losses	Emotional hurt reminds us we care	Possibility of death may serve life
	Brings an end to suffering	Triggers memories of the collective dead	

John Abraham How to Get the Death You Want



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Beginning Dialogue about Death

- Begin with yourself understand self before asking others to converse
- Common remarks
 - Something I'm reconciled with and have prepared
 - Rude surprise
 - Tragic event
 - Grim Reaper
 - Release and relief
 - A defeat not uncommon in the healthcare system





Societal Reluctance to "Death"



When avoid...

Challenges arise Not prepared

Emotional and psychological toll Families and Providers

Unneeded and unwanted medical interventions Miss out on available supports e.g. Hospice



Practical Framework



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	Goals of car	re commonly shift with de	mentia severity	
	mild dementia		severe dementia	
Goals of care	life-prolonging e.g., hospitalization for pneumonia	e.g., antibiotics in a residential care setting	comfort only e.g., fever-lowering medications	

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Kenny Family Journey



• Early Goal – Independence

- Changes Needed
- Stroke
- Further Functional Decline



Transition

Understand and consider common perspectives about end-of-life contemplation regarding cognitive loss

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Five Themes



- Avoiding dehumanizing treatment and care
- Confronting emotionally difficult conversations
- Navigating existential tensions
- Defining personal autonomy
- ► Lacking confidence in healthcare setting

Sellars et al. Perspectives of people with dementia and their careers on advance care planning and end-of-life care: Palliative Medicine 2019



Avoiding Dehumanizing Treatment and Care

- Remaining connected
- Delaying institutionalization
- Rejecting burdens of futile treatment

Sellars et al. Perspectives of people with dementia and their careers on advance care planning and end-of-life care: Palliative Medicine 2019





Things to Contemplate

- Remaining connected?
- Communication severely impaired?
- Dehumanizing?







Confronting Emotionally Difficult Conversations



- Cause of dying
- Cognitive decline too frightening to think about in advance
- Locked into pathway (ticking boxes)

Sellars et al. Perspectives of people with dementia and their careers on advance care planning and end-of-life care: Palliative Medicine 2019



Things to Contemplate



• Facilitate conversations?

• Tools?



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Navigating Existential Tensions

- Accepting inevitable incapacity and death
- Fear of being responsible for death
- Alleviating decisional responsibility



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Things to Contemplate



- What supports exist to tolerate existential tension?
- What could be started or improved?



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Defining Personal Autonomy

- Care partners struggle with unknown preferences
- Individuals depend on care partner advocacy
- Justifying treatments for health deterioration



Sellars et al. Perspectives of people with dementia and their careers on advance care planning and end-of-life care: Palliative Medicine 2019



Things to Contemplate



Ask for what they need

-from healthcare?
- from family?
- from their advocates?

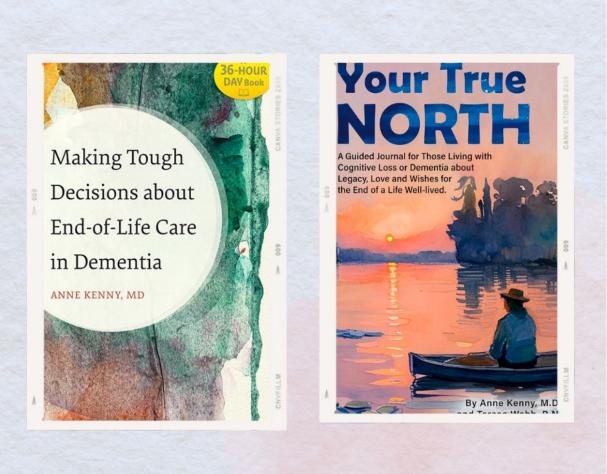


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Lacking Confidence in Healthcare Setting

- Distrusting clinician's mastery and knowledge of dementia
- Making uninformed choices
- Deprived of access to hospice care and support at end of life

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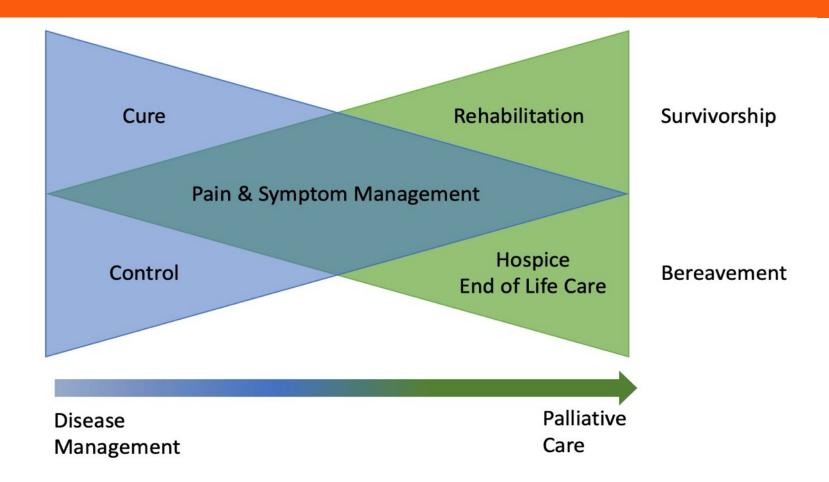
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Develop and document a plan for end-of-life choices

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Palliative Care Framework



Hawley, P,H. (2014). The Bow Tie Model of 21st Century Palliative Care. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management.



	Goals of car	re commonly shift with de	mentia severity	
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Goals of care	life-prolonging e.g., hospitalization for pneumonia	e.g., antibiotics in a residential care setting	comfort only e.g., fever-lowering medications	

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Advance Care Planning Tools





MY WISH FOR:

The Person I Want to Make Care Decisions for Me When I Can't The Kind of Medical Treatment I Want or Don't Want How Comfortable I Want to Be How I Want People to Treat Me What I Want My Loved Ones to Know Print Your Name Bitthdate





Your Conversation Starter Guide

For Caregivers of People with Alzheimer's or Other Forms of Dementia

How to understand what matters most to someone living with Alzheimer's or another form of dementia, and help them have a say in their health care.

Institute for Healthcare Improvement

the conversation project

@2023 The Conversation Project, an initiative of the Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI)





Changes or Limitations to Medical Care in Middle Stage of Dementia

- Medications
- Nutrition/Hydration
- Exercise
- Hospitalization
- Medical interventions
- Engagement vs. rest













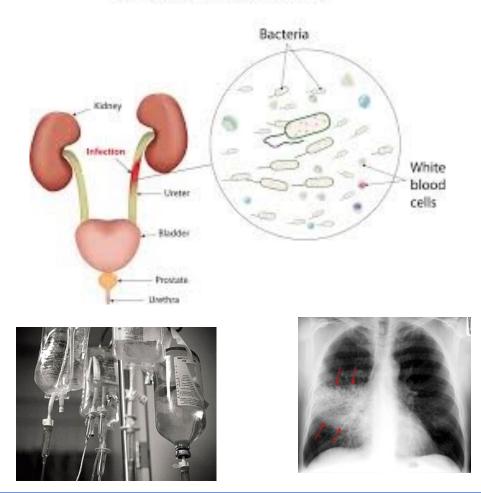




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Limitations to Medical Care in Late Stage Dementia

Urinary Tract Infection



Research does not warrant the treatment of:

- Urinary tract infections
- Pneumonia due to aspiration
- Hydration
- Feeding tubes
- Hospitalizations



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Comprehensive Advanced Care Planning in Dementia

ADVANCE DIRECTIVE FOR			
RECEIVING ORAL FOODS AND FLUIDS IN THE EVENT O	F DEMENTIA		

I, _____, residing at _____

______, am creating this document because I want my health care agents, medical providers, caregivers, family members, and other loved ones to know and honor my wishes regarding assisted oral feeding of food and fluids if I am in an *advanced* stage of Alzheimer's* or other incurable, advanced dementing disease and:

- 1. I am unable to make informed decisions about my health care, and
- 2. I am unable to feed myself.

Why I Am Documenting My Instructions Concerning Oral Feedings

Under the conditions that may be imposed upon me by advanced dementia, including my inability to communicate comprehensively with loved ones or care givers, and my physical dependence on others for all aspects of bodily care, continuing life would have no value for me. In those conditions, I would want to die peacefully and as quickly as legally possible to avoid a drawn-out, prolonged dying that would involve unnecessary suffering for me and for those I love.

This Advance Directive is intended to supplement any instruction I may have given in a health care proxy, living Will or other document.

Choose the provisions of either Option A OR Option B by entering your initials in the corresponding space below.

OF	TION A
----	--------

OPTION B

The provisions of this column are selected (initial)

The provisions of this column are selected (initial)

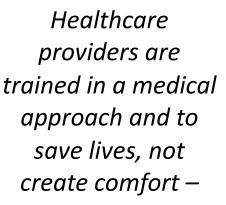
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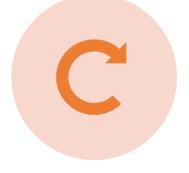
https://endoflifechoicesny.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/3_24_18-Dementia-adv-dir.pdf

Your life, your choices

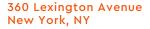
Consider that you are in charge –







Does this change your view on planning?





Your life, your plans



Add riders to be more comprehensive



Use tools such as The Conversation Project Toolkit, Compassion and Choices, Prepare for Your Care, or 5Wishes to help guide more value-based discussions



Document and communicate via paper or video



Unable are the loved to die, for love is immortality.

— Emily Dickinson

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Navigating Transitions Part III:

Understanding a Person-Centered Approach

to the Dementia Journey

Adapting relationships and grief during transitions

Anne Kenny, MD





Societal Reluctance to Address Death



Likely originated in superstition to speak of death would draw death's attention

But, there are consequences to avoidance

Challenges faced by being unprepared

Emotional and psychological toll on families and providers

Unneeded and unwanted medical interventions

Poor use of supports, such as hospice



